

- INFOGRAPHICS -

All the information contained therein is based on the results from the consultation work carried out in 2014 as part of the Feasibility Study of setting-up a EU Sector Council on Skills and Employment for the Sport and Active Leisure sector, awarded by the DG Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion to a Consortium composed of the social partners -EASE and UniEuropa- the European Observatoire of Sport and Employment (EOSE), Skills Active and the WOS.

A STRONG INTEREST FOR SKILLS ISSUES



97% say that the skills of paid staff are important or essential for sport organisations



88% say that the skills of unpaid staff/volunteers are important or essential



covering the whole sport and active leisure sector

EXPRESSION OF A NEED FOR ACTION

35%

report a growth tendency for their workforce in the next 2 years

37% report difficulty in recruiting paid staff

VS 47%

report difficulties in engaging unpaid staff/volunteers



IDENTIFIED SUPPORT TO THE CONCEPT

support the establishment of an ESSC



91%

see benefits of an ESSC for the sector

OBVIOUS WILL TO CONTRIBUTE

83%

indicated a willingness to be involved



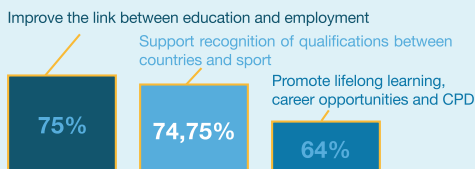
A ROADMAP TOWARDS AN ESSC FOR SPORT AND ACTIVE LEISURE



THE VISION

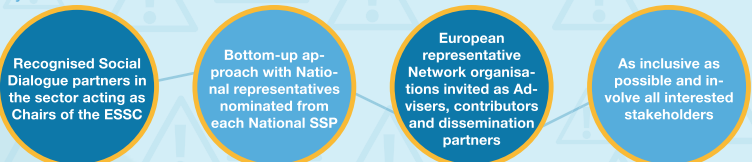
A European wide structure based on a network of national partnerships between sector representative organisations to be called National Sector Skills Partnerships (SSP).

TOP 3 PRIORITIES FOR AN ESSC



WARNING AND KEY POINTS IDENTIFIED THROUGH THE CONSULTATION

Take into account the specificity of the sector and especially its fragmentation and the key role of volunteers:



An ESSC do not form of regulatory or controlling body but a vehicle for research, collaboration, understanding and problem-solving.